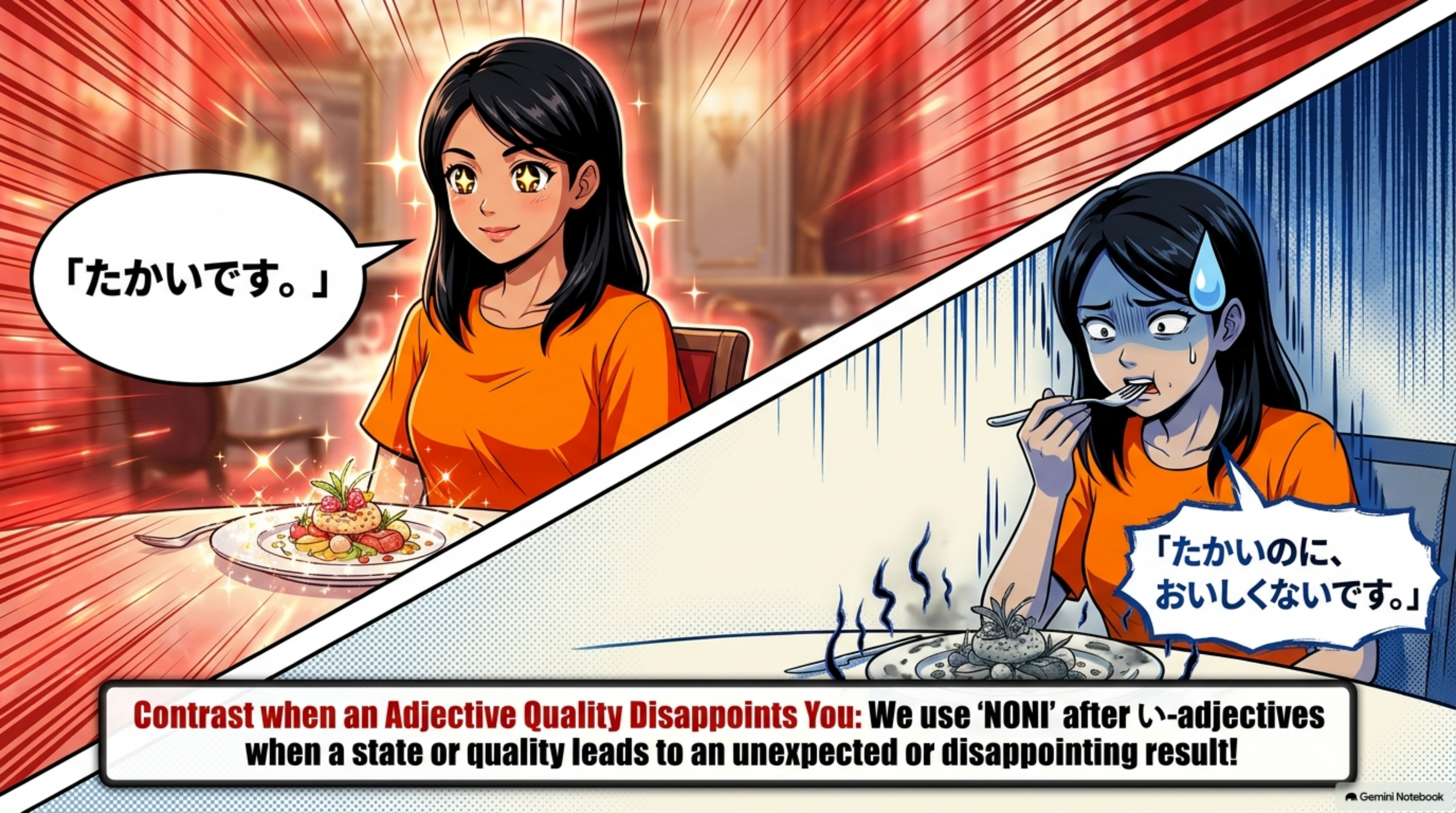


い-adjecfive + のに

Even though /
Although [I-adjecfive]



Frustrated Expectation & Contrast
(予想外の感情・対比)



「たかいです。」

「たかいのに、
おいしくないです。」

Contrast when an Adjective Quality Disappoints You: We use 'NONI' after い-adjectives when a state or quality leads to an unexpected or disappointing result!

い-adjective (Plain Form) + のに

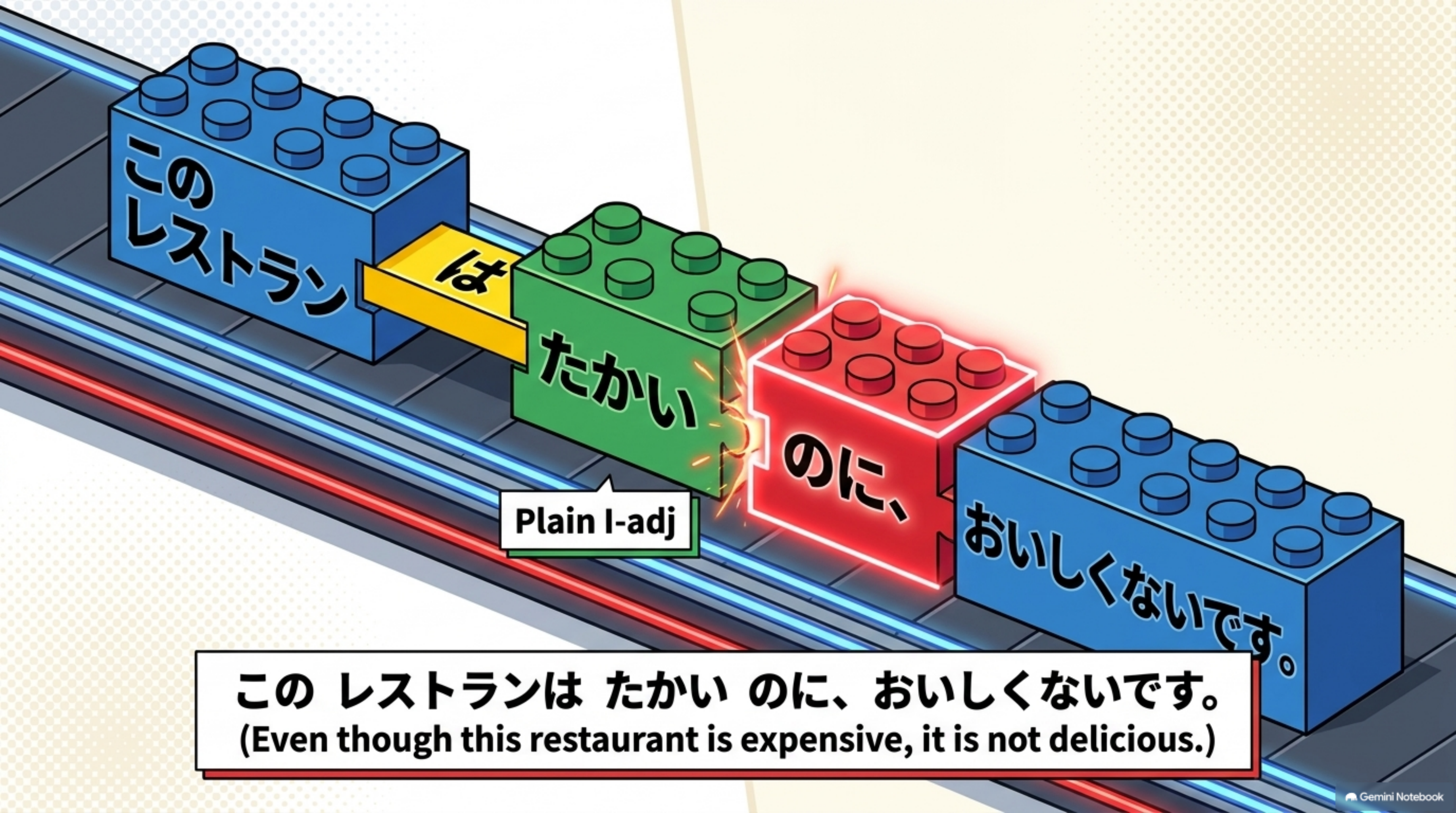
Connecting is easy!
Keep the trailing 'i'
for present tense
(takai noni).
For past tense,
just use "katta"
(takakatta noni)!

たか

い

のに





Plain I-adj

この レストランは たかい のに、おいしくありません。
(Even though this restaurant is expensive, it is not delicious.)

Raya's Hack

Does it have
a heartbeat?
Never put polite
'DESU' before
NONI!

~~× たかいですのに~~

○ たかいのに ✓

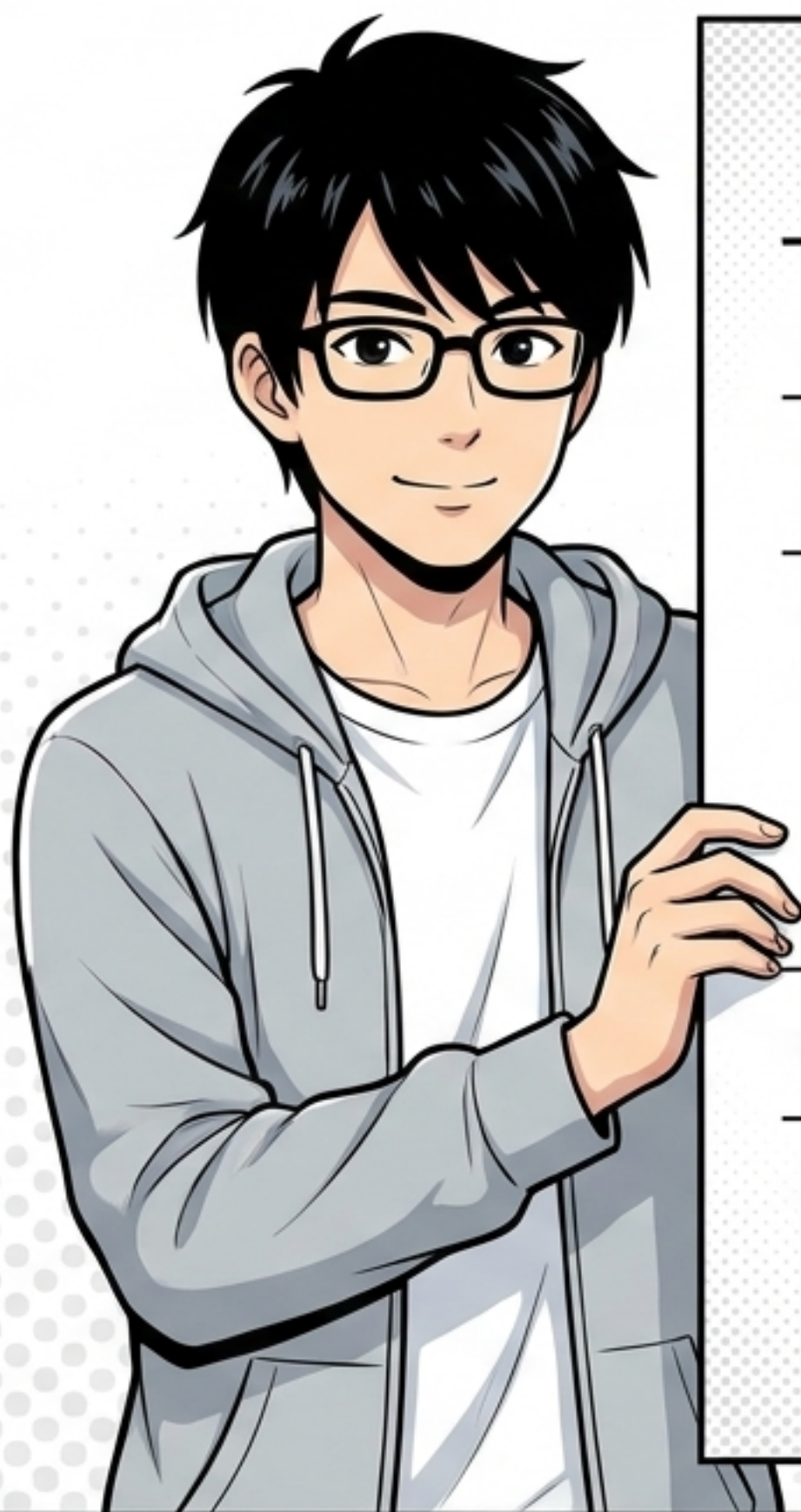
Don't do this!

「さむいですが
のに！」



✗ Keeping "です" before
のに. Joy, strip
away 'desu' completely!
Keep the adjective in its
short plain form!

○ きょうはさむいのに、うすぎをしています (Even though it is cold today, I am wearing thin clothes).



✈ **N4 Grammar Cheat Sheet**

Structure: い-adjective (Plain Form) + **のに**。

Meaning: Even though / Although [I-adjective]...

Forms:

- Present: **たかいのに**
- Negative: **たかくないのに**
- Past: **たかかったのに**

Golden Rule: ⚠ Never put **です** before **のに**!

Examples:

- **たかいのに** (Even though expensive)
- **さむいのに** (Even though cold)