

い-adjective (drop い) + すぎます

Crossing the Comfort Limit (過度の状態)

辛い
Hot!

熱い
Too much!

熱い
Too much!

冷静
Cool down

大丈夫
It's okay

Going Past the Comfort Zone

The Baseline

「からいです。」
(It is spicy).



The Extreme

「から
すぎます!」
(It is TOO spicy).

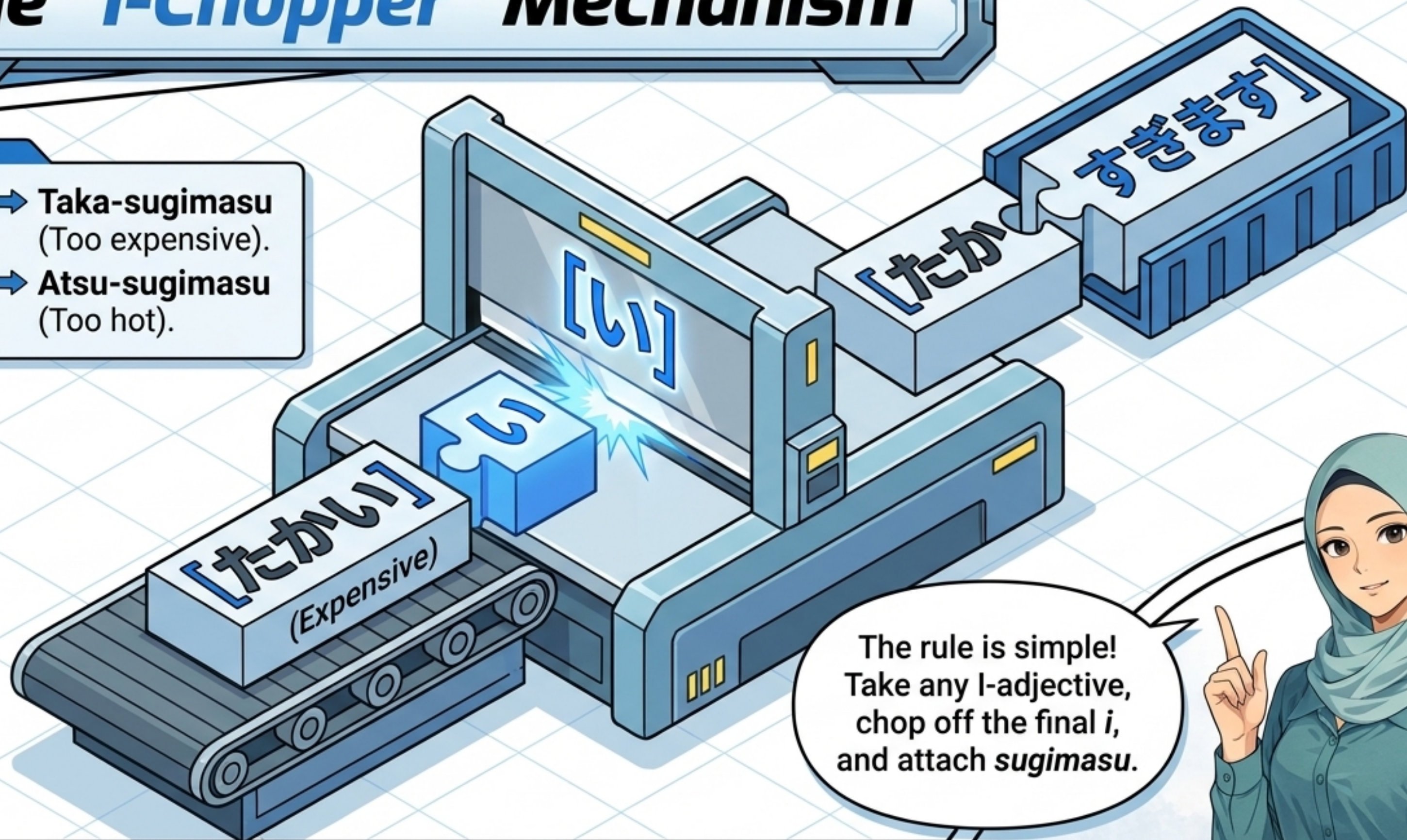


In N4-G-040, we attached *sugimasu* to verbs. But what if a state or quality is too extreme—like a price being too high, soup being too hot, or an exam being too difficult? You attach *sugimasu* to **I-adjectives**! You attach *sugimasu* to **I-adjectives**!

The “*I-Chopper*” Mechanism

Takai → **Taka-sugimasu**
(Too expensive).

Atsui → **Atsu-sugimasu**
(Too hot).



The rule is simple!
Take any *I*-adjective,
chop off the final *i*,
and attach *sugimasu*.



Building the Sentence



[この]
(This)

[ふくは]
(Clothes)

[たか]
(Expensive)

[すぎます。]
(Too much)

この ふく **は** たかすぎます。
(These clothes are too expensive.)

Raya's Irregular Hack

**II changes
to YOI!**

いい
(Good)



よすぎます
(Too good)

Here is your pro tip! What happens when you want to say something is 'too good'? Remember that **ii** changes to **yoi** when conjugating! So **ii** becomes **yo-sugimasu**. Kono eiga wa **yo-sugimasu**! (This movie is too good!)

The **Fatal** Mistake

「たかい
すぎます!」

\$10,000

Joy, don't leave the trailing i attached!
You can't say takai-sugimasu.
You **MUST** chop off the i completely
before attaching sugimasu:

✗ Keeping the “い”.

○ このふくは たか すぎます
(This shirt is too expensive).

The Master Cheat Sheet



Structure: [I-adjective (drop い)] + **すぎます**。

Meaning: **Too** [adjective] / **Excessively** [adjective].

Conjugation: Acts as a Group 2 verb (sugiru, sugimashita, sugite).

Irregular: いい (Good) ➡ **よすぎます** (Too good).

Examples: **たかすぎます** (Too expensive), **あつすぎます** (Too hot), **からすぎます** (Too spicy).